(b) if so, the steps taken and the arrangements made so that supercyclone hit poverty stricken people are not driven to sell their children in different States, especially the calamity hit areas?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION (SHRI BANDARU DATTATRAYA): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. The complete details and follow up action taken will be obtained from Government of Orissa and laid on the Table of the House.

Increasing annual growth rate of cities due to growth of slums

†3024. SHRI KAPIL SIBAL:
SHRI RAJIV RANJAN SINGH "LALAN":

Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that due to coming up of slums in the urban areas of the country the annual growth rate has increased by approximately nine per cent during the nineties;

(b) if not, the annual growth rate of these slums in the cities where population is either more than 50 lakhs or more than 10 lakhs or more than 1 lakh; and

(c) the number of the cities of above category which came-up during the nineties?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION (SHRI BANDARU DATTATRAYA): (a) to (c) The slum population and its growth rate figures of 2001 Census has not been published by the Office of the Registrar General of India and Census Commissioner of India. Slum Development being a State subject, State Governments survey and take stock of slums in their respective States and formulate/implement specific plans, programmes and schemes for development of slums in various cities as per their priorities and make necessary provision therefor in their respective State plans. However, the Town and Country Planning Organisation (TCPO) conducted a study on slums in 1995-96 and brought a report titled "A Compendium on Indian Slums-1996". According to this report the estimated/identified slum population of cities having urban

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

population of more than 1 lakh was estimated to be increased from 314.303 lakhs in 1991 to 424.478 lakhs in 2001. The details about size/class-wise identified/estimated slum population as categorised in the report is given in the enclosed Statement.

Statement

Details about size/class-wise identified/estimated slums population

(Population in lakhs)

Sl. No.	Size-class category of cities/ Towns	No. of cities/ Towns	Slum popul-ation identified/ estimated in 1991	Slum popul-ation identified/ estimated in 2001	Estimated Decadal growth Rate
1.	More than 10 lakhs population	23	188.659	254.811	35.06%
2.	5-10 lakhs population	31	42.555	58.432	37.30%
3.	3-5 lakhs population	39	28.596	36.728	28.43%
4.	1-3 lakh population	207	54.493	74.507	36.72%
	TOTAL:	300	314.303*	424.478*	35.05%

Note: Classification of the size of cities/towns is based on 1991 Census

* Excluding J&K

Source: A Compendium on Indian Slums-1996 brought out by Town and Country Planning Organisation (TCPO)

Increasing population of poor due to non-generation of additional employment opportunities

†3025. SHRI RAM JETHMALANI:
SHRI RAJIV RANJAN SINGH 'LALAN':

Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that annual growth rate of population in urban areas of the country during the nineties has been three per cent;

(b) if not, the facts in this regard;

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.